

Lowbrook Academy Relationships, Sex and Health Education (RSE) Curriculum Overview

Polationships Education Strand	Υ	ear Gro	up(s) w	vhere to	pic is a	ddress	ed
Relationships Education Strand	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
1. Families and people who care for me Pupils should know: a. that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.	•		•		•		
b. the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.	•		•			•	
c. that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.			•		•		•
d. that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.		•				•	•
e. that marriage* represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.						•	•
f. how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed	Ad	dresse		Year Gr ssembli		d throu	igh

^{*} Footnote: Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious.

Relationships Education Strand	١	ear G	roup(s	where	e topic	is addr	essed	
Relationships Education Strand	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	
2.Caring friendships								
Pupils should know:	•	•	•				l	
a. how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.							l	
b. the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness,								
generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.	•	•	•				l	
c. that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or								
excluded.	•	•	•				l	
d. that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the								
friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.				•		•	l	
e .how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel					•		•	
unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or	Also addressed in all year groups through							
advice from others, if needed	Assemblies, classroom ethos and P4C.							

Deletionshine Education Strend	Υ	ear Gro	up(s) v	vhere to	pic is a	addressed					
Relationships Education Strand	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6				
3. Respectful relationships											
Pupils should know:											
a. the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically,	_										
in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.											
b. practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.	•		•		•		•				
c. the conventions of courtesy and manners.		•		•		•					
d. the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.		•		•		•					
e. that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn											
they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.			•		•		•				
f .about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of											
bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
g. what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.			•		•		•				
h. the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults all	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	Al	so addr	essed i	n all yea	ar group	ps throu	ıgh				
	Assemblies, classroom ethos and P4C.										

Relationships Education Strand	Year Group(s) where topic is addres										
Relationships Education Strand	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6				
4. Online relationships											
Pupils should know											
A .that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.											
b. that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the	٨٨	dracca	lin Voa	rc 1 C +l	arough	Compu	ting				
importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.					•	compu cs Currio	•				
c. the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and	Cuiti	cuiuiii e	iiiu Citiz	zensinp	& LUIIC	.s Curric	cuiuiii.				
how to report them.											
d. how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the											
risks associated with people they have never met.											
e. how information and data is shared and used online			•	•	•	•	•				

Relationships Education Strand	Υ	ear Gro	addressed				
Relationships Education Strand	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
5. Being safe							
Pupils should know							
a. what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).							
b. about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not							
always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.		•		•		•	
c. that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or							
unsafe physical, and other, contact.							
d. how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online)							
whom they do not know.	, in						
e. how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.	•	•				•	•
f. how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard.	•	•				•	
g. how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.	•	•				•	
h. where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources	•	•				•	•

Physical health & mental well-being coverage

Physical health and well-being strand	Y	ear Gro	up(s) w	here to	pic is a	ddress	ed
Physical fleatth and well-being strand	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
1. Mental wellbeing							
Pupils should know	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
a. that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health							
b. there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale	•		•				
of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.							
c. how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when			•				
talking about their own and others' feelings.							
d. how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
e. the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based	Ado	dressec	through	gh Phys	ical and	Emotio	onal
activity on mental wellbeing and happiness			Hea	lth Don	nain.		
f. simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the							
benefits of hobbies and interests.	· ·						
g. isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings	Addr	essed ir	all Yea	r Group	s throug	gh Comp	outing
with an adult and seek support.	Cui	riculun	n and Ci	tizenshi	p & Ethi	ics Dom	ain.
h. that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.	Addr	essed ir	ı all Yea	r Group	s throug	gh Comp	outing
The triat bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.	Cui	riculun	n and Ci	tizenshi	p & Ethi	ics Dom	ain.
i. where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in							
school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
to control their emotions (including issues arising online).							
j. it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be							
resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough	J	Ū					

Physical health and well-being strand	Ye	ear Gro	addressed							
Physical health and well-being strand	F Y1 Y2 Y3 Y4 Y5 Y									
2. Internet safety and harms										
Pupils should know	Addressed through Computing Curriculum.									
a. that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.										
b. about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices										
and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical	Add	dressed	throug	h Comp	outing C	Curricul	um.			
wellbeing										

c. how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.	Adı	dressed	l throug	h Com	outing (Curricul	um.
d. why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.	Ado	dressed	throug	h Com	outing (Curricul	um.
e. that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can							
take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.				· ·	· ·	Ŭ	
f. how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including							
that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.					· ·	Ŭ	
g. where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Physical health and well-being strand	Y	address	ed							
Physical fleatiff and well-being strand	F	F Y1 Y2 Y3 Y4 Y5								
3. Physical health and fitness Pupils should know a. the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.	Addressed in all year groups through Physica Emotional Health domain.									
b. the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.	Addressed in all year Physical & Emotional Health domain, classroom routines and etho									
c. the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
d. how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			

Physical health and well-being strand	Year Group(s) where topic is addressed									
Physical fleatiff and well-being straild	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6			
4. Healthy eating										
Pupils should know	•		•	•	•					
a. what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).										
b. the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.	•		•	•	•	•	•			
c .the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity										
and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).	•			•	•		•			

Dhysical hoolth and well hains strong	Year Group(s) where topic is addressed												
Physical health and well-being strand	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6						
5. Drugs, alcohol and tobacco													
Pupils should know													
a. the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and													
drug-taking drug-taking													

Physical health and well-being strand	Year Group(s) where topic is addr											
Physical fleatiff and well-being straind	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6					
6. Health & Prevention												
Pupils should know												
a. how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.												
b. about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin					•							
cancer.		•		•		•						
c. the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight,							•					
mood and ability to learn.												
d. about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups			•		•							
at the dentist												
e. about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the	•	•	•				•					
importance of handwashing												
f. the facts and science relating, to allergies immunisation and vaccination.		•				•	•					

Physical health and well-being strand	Ye	Year Group(s) where topic is addressed									
	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6				
7. Basic first aid											
Pupils should know:	•	•									
a. how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.											
b. concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.			•				•				

Physical health and well-being strand	Year Group(s) where topic is addressed									
	F	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6			
8. Changing adolescent body										
Pupils should know:										
a. key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11,						•	•			
including physical and emotional changes										
b. about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.							•			